

Weekly Flood Situation Report for the Mekong River Basin

Prepared on: 04/06/2012, covering the week from the 1st June to the 4th June 2012

Weather Patterns, General Behaviour of the Mekong River and Flood Situation

General weather patterns

During the week of the 1st June to 4th June 2012, four weather bulletins were issued by the Department of Meteorology (DOM) of Cambodia. The weather charts of the 1st June to 4th June bulletins are presented in the figures below:

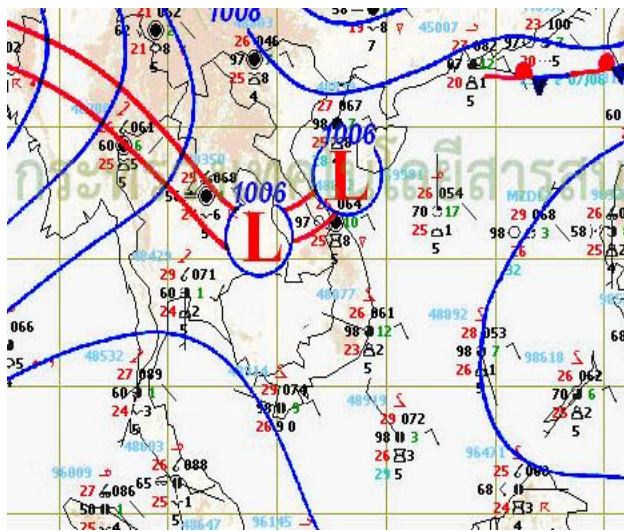


Figure 1: Weather map for 1st June 2012

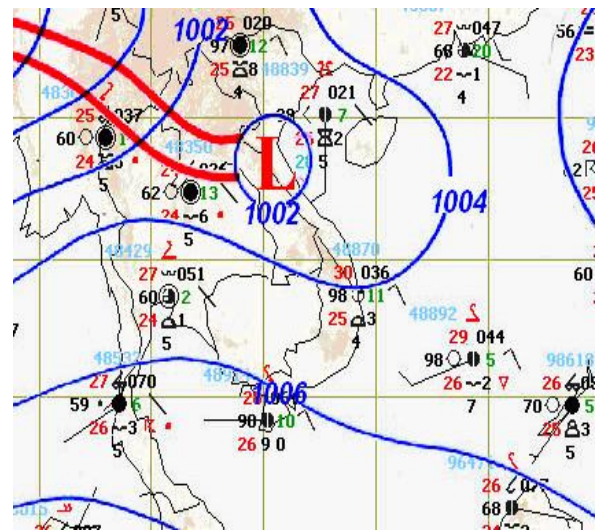


Figure 2: Weather map for 4th June 2012

Moderate South-West (SW) Monsoon

SW monsoon prevailed over Myanmar, Thailand and Indochina Peninsular in whole week (Figure 1 and 2).

Inter Tropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ)

Inter Tropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) laid across the North of Myanmar and the middle of Indochina Peninsular at the surface during last week (Figure 1 and 2).

Tropical depressions (TD), tropical storms (TS) or typhoons (TY)

No Tropical Storm (TS) was observed in last week.

Other weather phenomena that affect the discharge

No other weather phenomena affecting the discharge were observed.

Over weather situation

A normal weather situation lasted during last week. As the result of the appearances of South-westerly wind, ITCZ and the trough of low pressure across Myanmar, Thailand, Lao PDR, Cambodia and Viet Nam at the height of 1.5km (850hPa), thundershower with isolated heavy rain were occurred in the North and the central of Thailand, Lao PDR and Vietnam, the Central, the South, Southeast and the Northeast of Cambodia during reporting period.

General behaviour of the Mekong River

Water levels at most stations along Lower Mekong River were recording levels that are somewhat above and around the long-term average except upper apart stations as Chiang Saen, Vientiane and Nong Khai. Water levels at stations in upper and middle reaches show a rising trend while water levels at stations in the lower reach were more-or-less stable during the end of the week. Regarding to 2 stations in downstream at Tan Chau and Chau Doc, water levels at those 2 stations were fluctuated by tidal with a rising and falling trend during last week.

For stations from Chiang Saen to Paksane

Water levels were slightly rising towards the end of the week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat around the long-term average for this time of the year except Chiang Saen Vientiane and Nong Khai.

For stations from Nakon Phanon/Thakhet to Pakse

Water levels were increasing during last week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat above the long-term average for this time of the year.

For stations from Stung Treng to Kampong Cham

Water levels were more or less stable with a slightly rising trend towards the end of the week. Most stations are somewhat around the long-term average for this time of the year.

For stations from Phnom Penh to Koh Khel/Neak Luong

Water levels were more or less stable during last week. Most stations were recording levels that are somewhat around the long-term average for this time of the year.

Tan Chau and Chau Doc

Water levels were rising from the beginning to the mid of the week, then falling towards the end of the week. Both stations were recording levels that are somewhat above the long-term average for this time of the year and significantly affected by tidal.

Note: for areas between forecast stations, please refer to the nearest forecast station.

Flood Situation

▪ Flood stage or alarm stage:

No alarm stage (where the forecast is expected to reach flood level within three days) was reported anywhere on the mainstream of the Mekong River during the past week. Water levels are still significantly below flood levels (as defined by the national agency) at all forecast stations.

▪ Damage or victims:

No damage or loss of life due to river flooding was recorded anywhere along the Mekong River during the past week.

For more details see the following annex:

- tables and graphs for water level and rainfall for the last week in Annex A
- a graph for accuracy in Annex B
- a table of forecast achievement in Annex B
- tables and graphs for performance in Annex B
- the water level graphs showing the observed water level for the season in Annex C

Annex A: Graphs and Tables

Table A1: observed water levels

unit in m

2012	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
01/06		2.14	4.62	4.74	1.96	2.43	4.89	3.44	4.73	3.40	2.22	3.79	2.65	3.47	9.14	4.51	2.49	1.61	2.43	1.84	1.58	0.83	0.88
02/06		2.54	5.24	5.26	2.12	2.56	5.17	3.73	5.03	3.73	2.30	3.97	2.88	3.58	9.24	4.56	2.49	1.61	2.48	1.93	1.63	1.09	1.15
03/06		2.42	5.79	5.42	2.40	2.92	5.73	4.26	5.55	4.07	2.40	4.14	3.08	3.67	9.30	4.63	2.54	1.62	2.52	1.76	1.69	1.14	1.16
04/06		2.55	6.15	5.73	2.48	3.07	5.94	4.61		4.52	2.47	4.51	3.38	3.83	9.42	4.70	2.57	1.69	2.58	1.66	1.77	0.97	1.02
05/06																							
06/06																							
07/06																							
08/06																							
Flood level		11.80	18.00	17.40	12.50	12.20	14.50	12.70	14.00	12.60	13.00	16.20	12.00	12.00	23.00	16.20	12.00	11.00	7.90	8.00	10.00	4.20	3.50

Table A2: observed rainfall

Unit in mm

2012	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
01/06		40.5	nr	1.3	41.0	47.2	46.5	17.9	12.2	4.8	0.8	nr		nr	6.2	0.3	nr		0.3	nr	nr	9.8	9.0
02/06		nr	7.0	30.3	3.5	6.9	60.3	3.3	0.7	13.4	2.0	2.8		nr	nr	11.5	1.5		6.0	nr	nr	0.3	
03/06		nr	30.8	nr	48.5	61.7	38.1	4.2	5.8	30.5	74.5	nr		nr	8.0	12.0	nr		18.5	6.2	17.4	0.0	
04/06		34.2	nr	0.4	2.5	3.5	9.5	1.5		0.2	2.0	3.8		nr	nr	nr	5.7		6.0	27.6	nr	8.7	
05/06																							
06/06																							
07/06																							
08/06																							

Figure A1: Water level and rainfall for Jinghong, Chiang Saen, and Luang Prabang

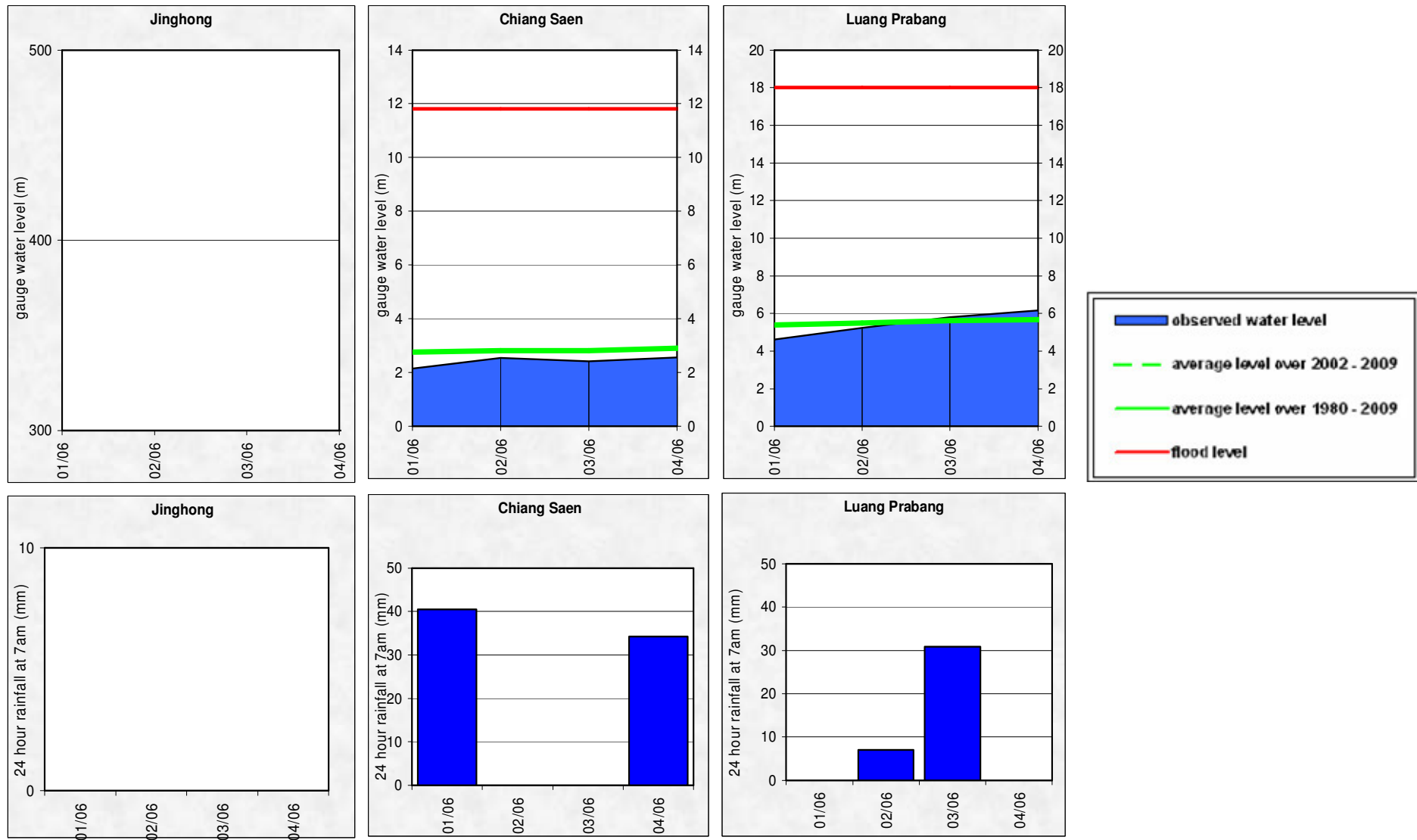


Figure A2: Water level and rainfall for Chiang Khan, Vientiane, Nongkhai, and Paksane

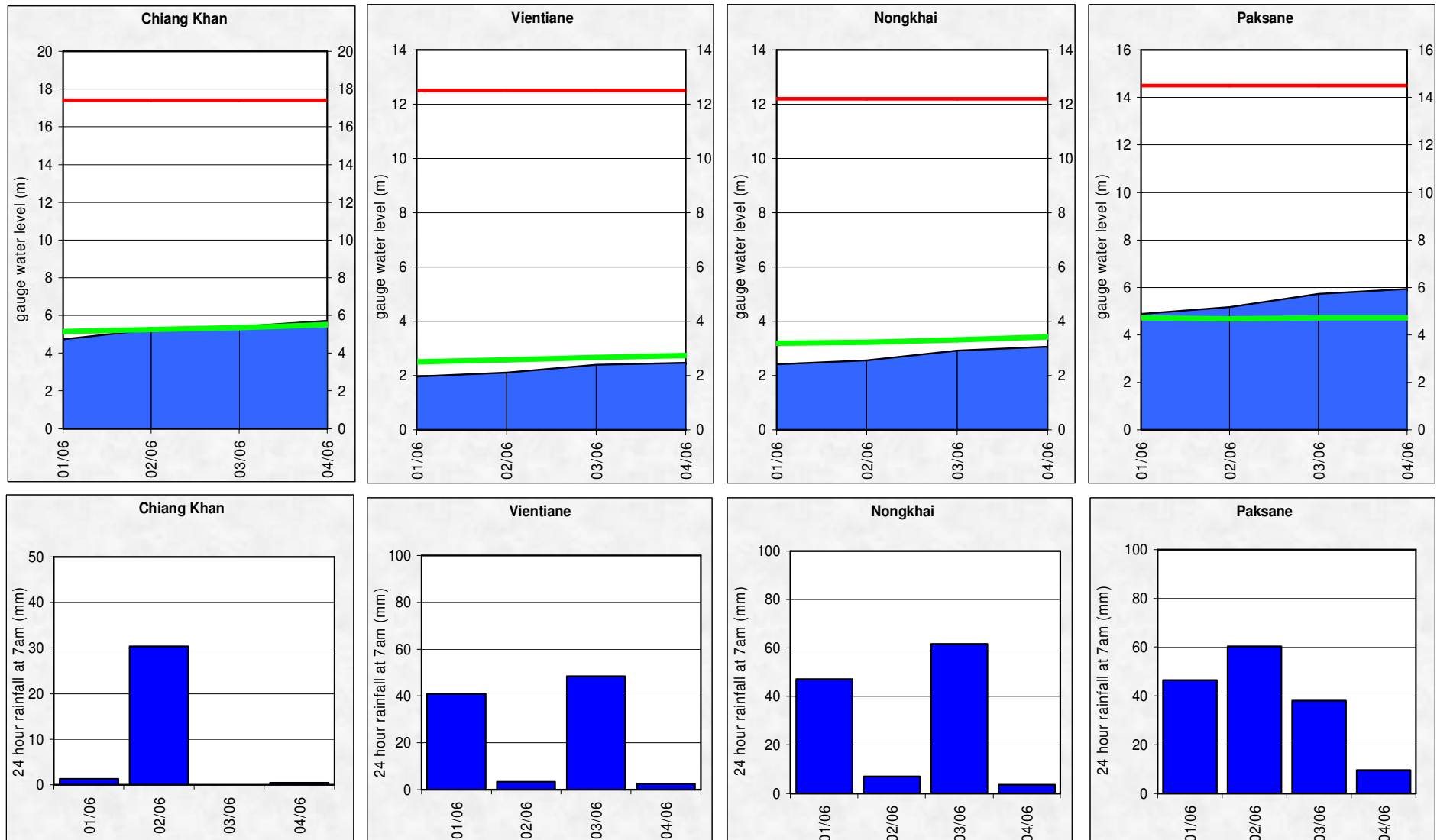


Figure A3: Water level and rainfall for Nakhon Phanom, Thakhek, Mukdahan and Savannakhet

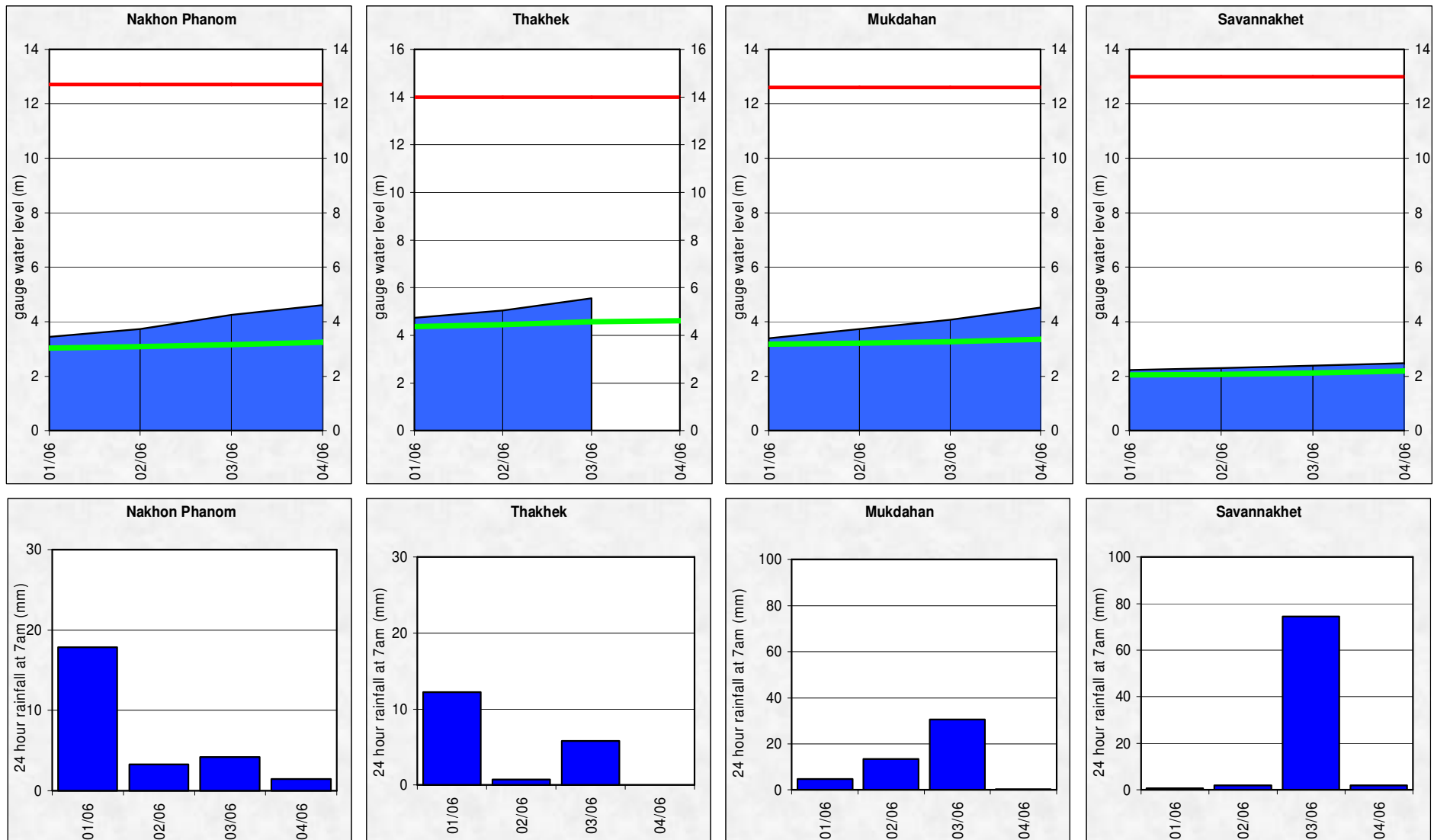


Figure A4: Water level and rainfall for Khong Chiam, Pakse, Stung Treng, and Kratie

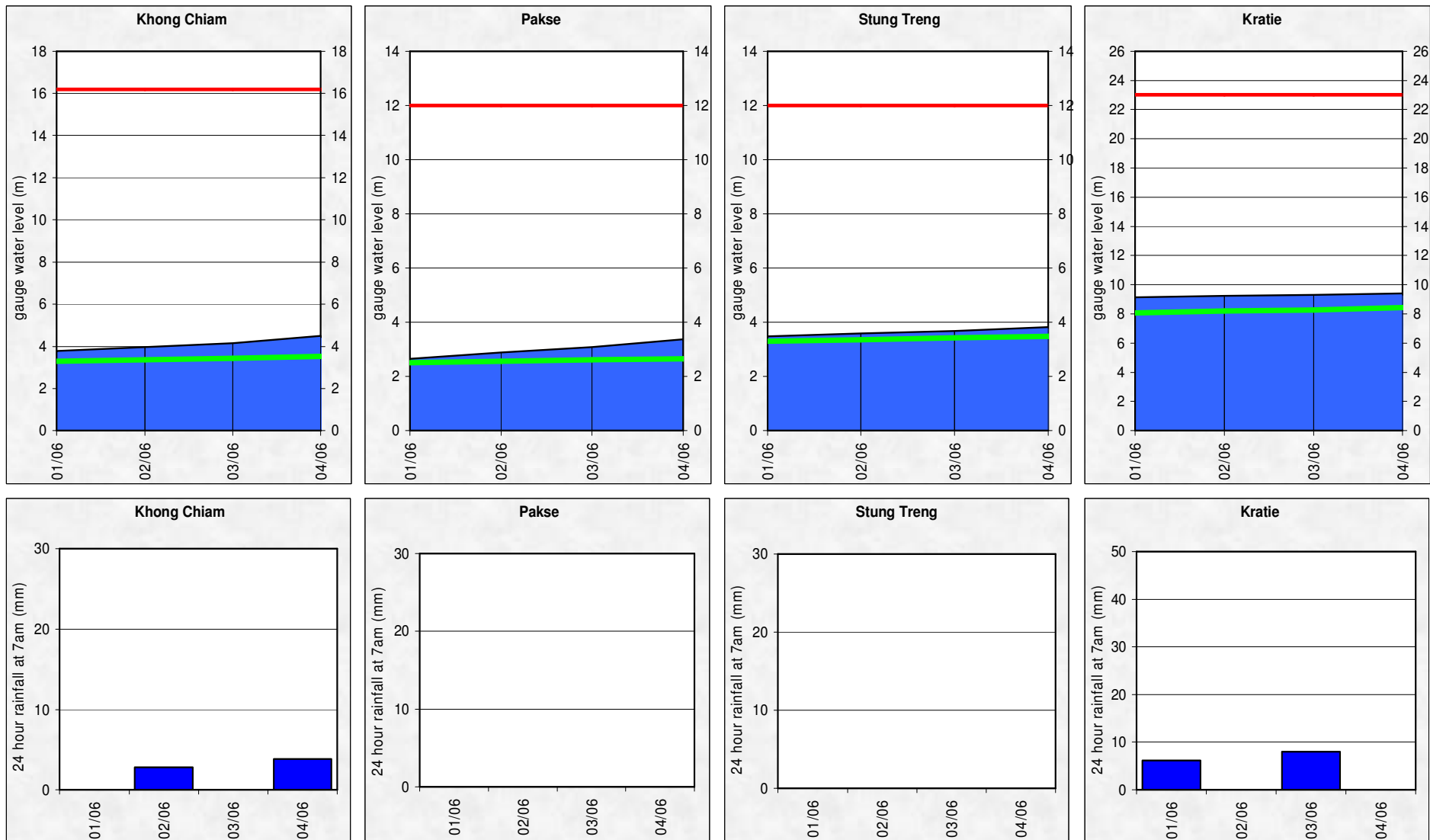


Figure A5: Water level and rainfall for Kampong Cham, Phnom Penh (Bassac and Port), and Koh Khel

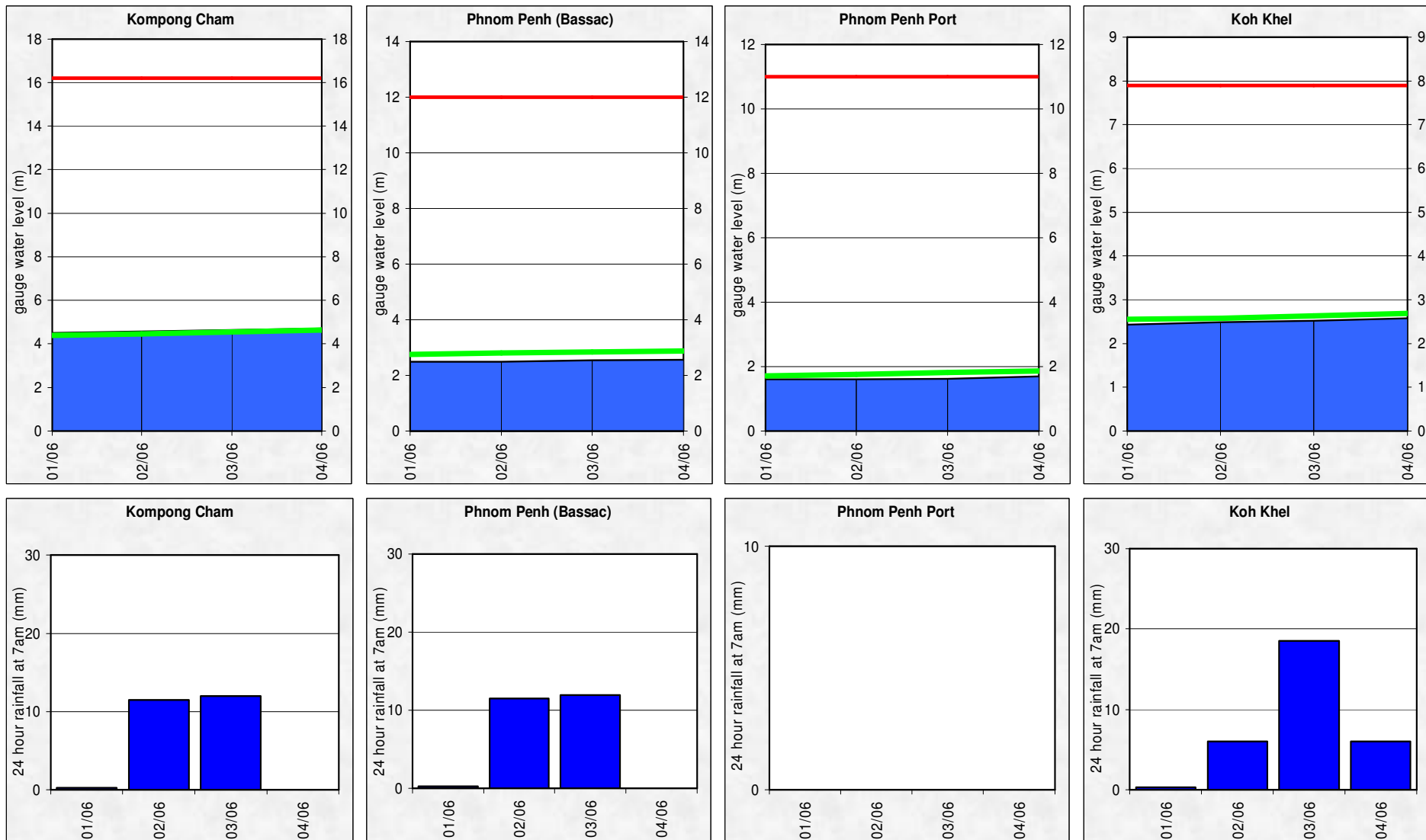
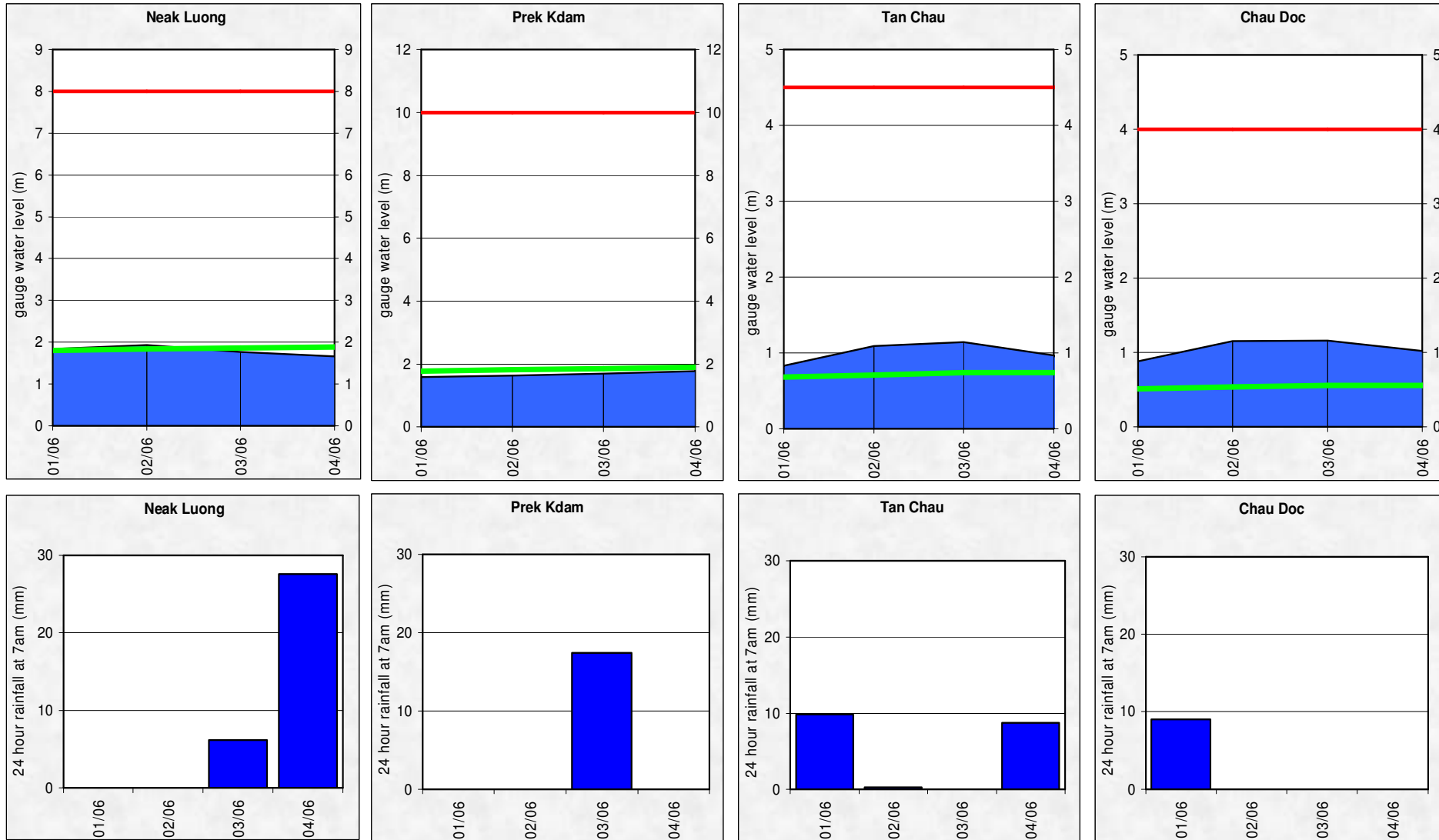


Figure A6: Water level and rainfall for Neak Luong, Prek Kdam, Tan Chau and Chau Doc



Annex B: Accuracy and performance

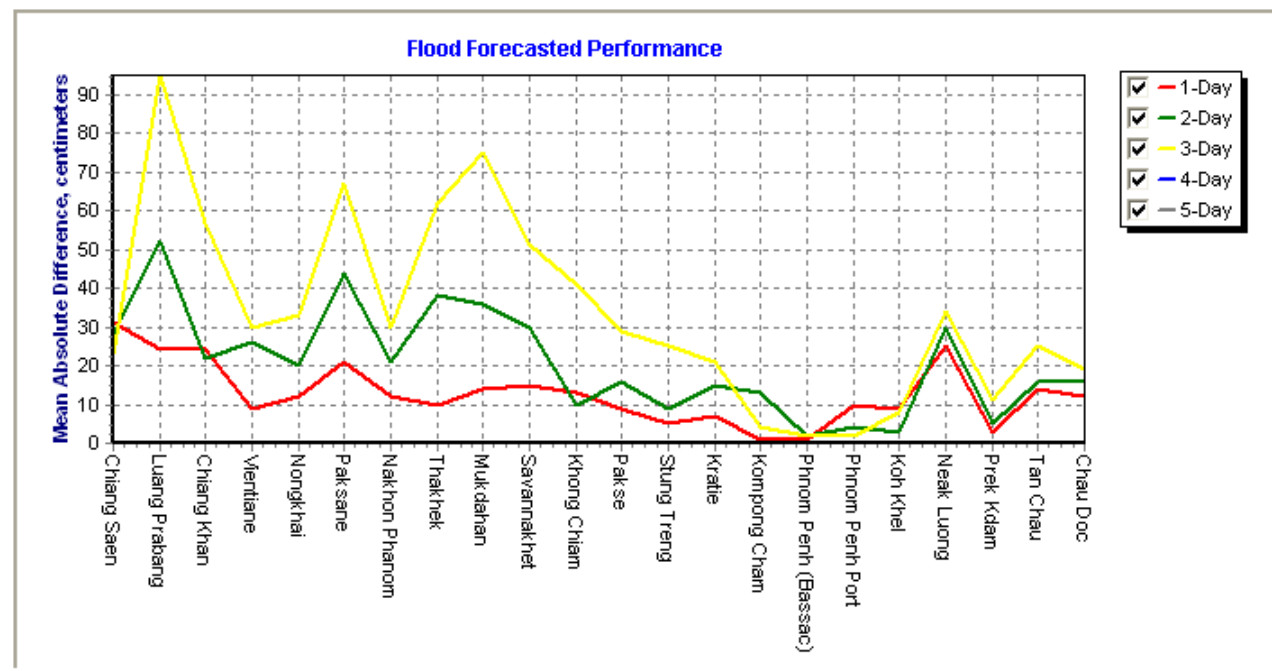
Accuracy

“Accuracy” describes the accuracy of the adjusted and published forecast, based on the results of the MRC Mekong Flood Forecasting System, which are then adjusted by the Flood Forecaster in Charge taking into consideration known biases in input data and his/her knowledge of the response of the model system and the hydrology of the Mekong River Basin. The information is presented as a graph below, showing the average flood forecasting accuracy along the Mekong mainstream.

The graph of average difference between forecast and actual water levels for the past week shows the unusual pattern during transitional period between dry and wet season, in which the forecast results for 1-day to 3-day lead time were evaluated from 1st June.

In general the overall accuracy is good for 1-day to 2-day forecasts at almost 22 main stations. The less expected accuracy at Luang Prabang, Paksane and Mukdahan stations caused by two main factor: (1) high variability of the forecast rainfall NWP when critical weather appearances as ITCZ and low pressure trough; (2) internal model functionality in forecasting especially during the period of early flood season; for which the parameter adjustment in the model is not possible.

Figure B1: Average flood forecast accuracy along the Mekong mainstream



Forecast Achievement

The forecast achievement indicates the % of days that the forecast at a particular station for a lead-time is successful against a respective benchmark (Table B2).

Table B1: Achievement of daily forecast against benchmarks

unit in %

	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khei	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc	Average
1-day	33.3	66.7	66.7	66.7	33.3	0.0	33.3	66.7	33.3	33.3	0.0	66.7	100.0	66.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	66.7	100.0	66.7	33.3	60.6
2-day	100.0	50.0	100.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	50.0	100.0	50.0	50.0	72.7
3-day	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.8
4-day																							
5-day																							

Table B2: Benchmarks of success (Indicator of accuracy in mean absolute error)

Unit in cm

	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khei	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc	
1-day	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
2-day	50	50	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
3-day	50	50	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
4-day	75	75	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	10	25	10	25	25	10	10	10
5-day	75	75	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25

Note: An indication of the accuracy given in the Table B2 is based on the performance of the forecast made in 2008 from the new flood forecasting system and the configuration for the 2009 flood season and is published on the website of MRC (<http://ffw.mrcmekong.org/accuracy.htm>).

A new set of performance indicators that is established by combining international standards and the specific circumstances in the Mekong River Basin, is applied officially for the flood season of 2011 onward.

Performance

Performance is assessed by evaluating a number of performance indicators, see table and graphs below:

Table B3: Overview of performance indicators for the past 5 days including the current report date

	Flood Forecast: time sent				Arrival time of input data (average)							Missing data (number)						
	FF completed and sent (time)	stations without forecast	FF2 completed and sent (time)	Weather information available (number)	NOAA data	China	Cambodia - DHRW	Cambodia - DOM	Lao PDR - DMH	Thailand - DWR	Viet Nam - NCHMF	NOAA data	China	Cambodia - DHRW	Cambodia - DOM	Lao PDR - DMH	Thailand - DWR	Viet Nam - NCHMF
2012																		
<i>week</i>	10:47	0	-	4	07:12	-	09:08	-	09:29	07:12	07:43	0	0	37	136	65	1	63
<i>month</i>	10:47	0	-	4	07:12	-	09:08	-	09:29	07:12	07:43	0	0	37	136	65	1	63
<i>season</i>	10:47	0	-	4	07:12	-	09:08	-	09:29	07:12	07:43	0	0	37	136	65	1	63

Week is the week for which this report is made; *Month* is actually the last 30 days (or less if the flood season has just begun); *Season* is the current flood season up to the date of this report.

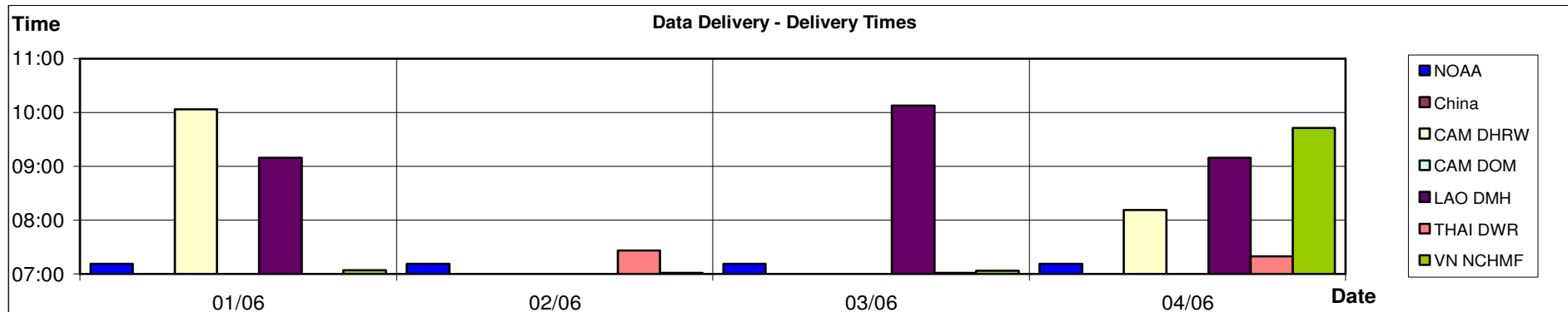


Figure B2: Data delivery times for the past 8 days including the current report date

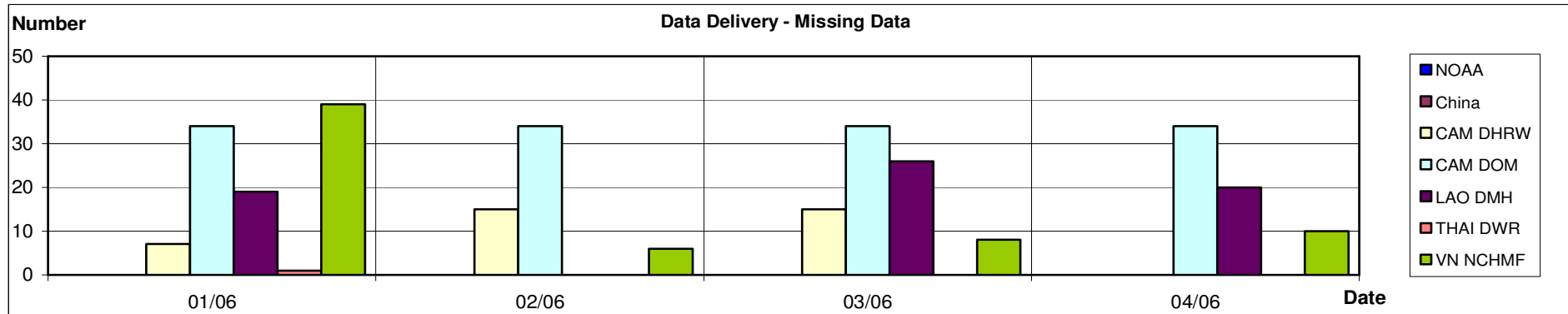


Figure B3: Missing data for the past 8 days including the current report date

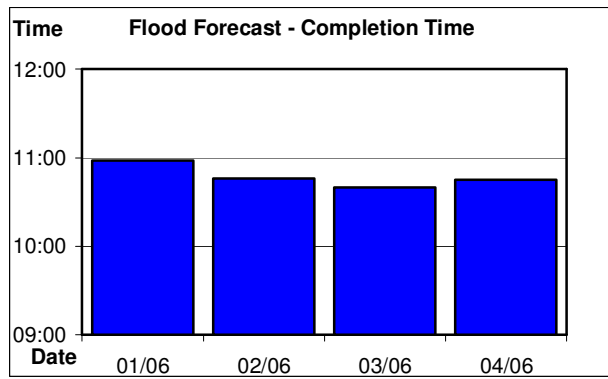


Figure B4: Flood forecast completion time

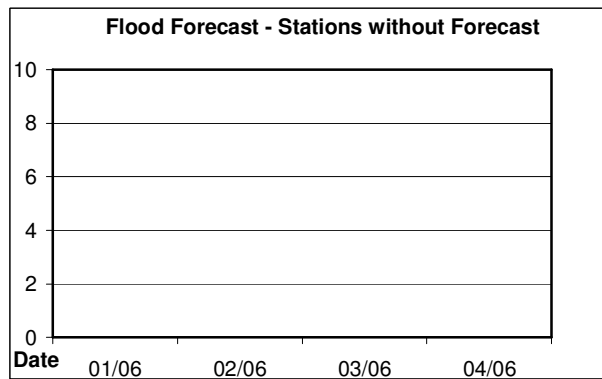


Figure B5: Flood forecast stations without forecast

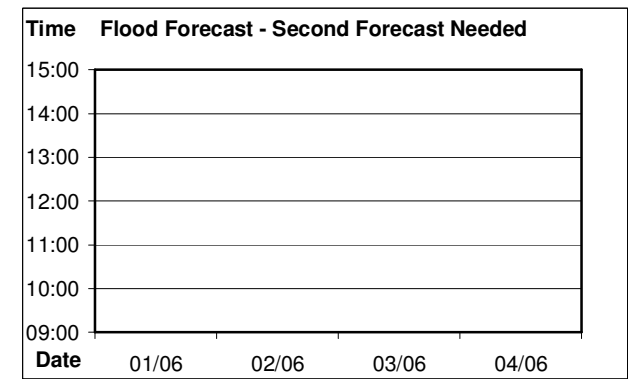
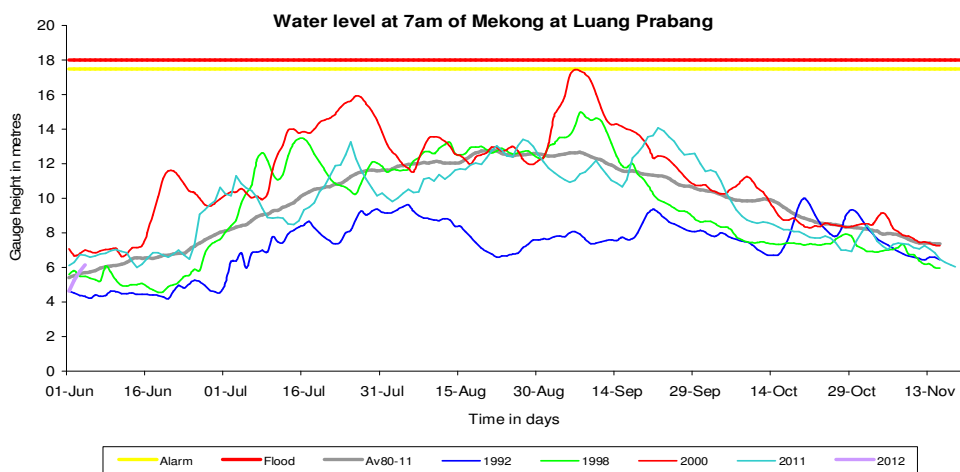
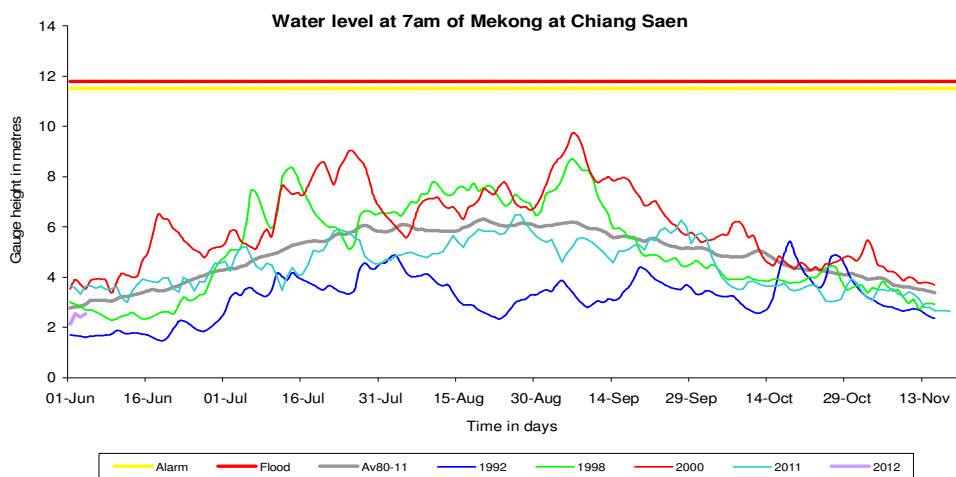
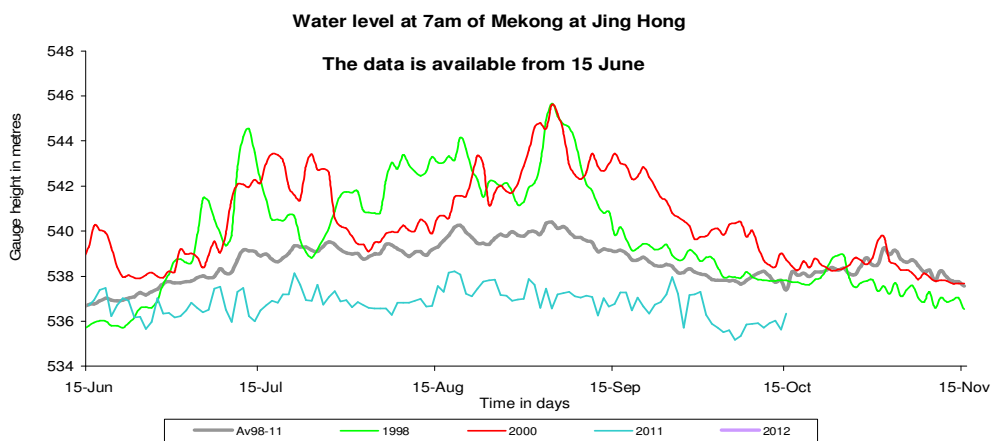


Figure B6: Second forecast needed

Annex C: Season Water Level Graphs

This Annex has the water level graphs of the report date. These graphs are distributed daily by email together with the Flood Bulletins.

HYDROGRAPHS OF THE MEKONG AT MAINSTREAM STATIONS IN FLOOD SEASON FROM 1 JUNE TO 31 OCTOBER



Water level at 7am of Mekong at Chiang Khan

